Attachment D

List of Landowners

Landowner and Parcel Information within Project Route.

Parcel ID	Owner	Address	City	State	Zip	Mailing	Mailing/Situs
3500021	Spartan Chemical Co Inc	6002 Monclova Rd	Maumee	ОН	43537	1110 Spartan Dr	Maumee OH 43537
3500164	Spartan Chemical Co Inc	1020 Maumee Western Rd	Maumee	OH	43537	1110 Spartan Dr	Maumee OH 43537
3500175	Spartan Chemical Co Inc	679 Mingo Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	1110 Spartan Dr	Maumee OH 43537
3500176	Spartan Chemical Co Inc	699 Mingo Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	1110 Spartan Dr	Maumee OH 43537
3500177	Midland Agency Of Northwest Ohio, Inc	1017 Maumee Western Rd	Maumee	OH	43537	401 Adams St	Toledo OH 43604
3500178	City Of Maumee Ohio	0 Maumee Western Rd	Maumee	OH	43537	400 E Conant St	Maumee OH 43537
3500181	Panhandle Eastern Pipeline Co	1015 Maumee Western Rd	Maumee	OH	43537	1900 Dalrock Rd	Rowlett TX 75088
3500641	580 Longbow LLC	1096 Longbow Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	3060 S Avenue	Toledo OH 43609
3500642	Toledo Board Of Realtors	1096 Longbow Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	590 Longbow Dr	Maumee OH 43537
3500651	580 Longbow LLC	1088 Longbow Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	3060 S Avenue	Toledo OH 43609
3500729	Midland Agency Of Northwest Ohio	0 Beaver Creek Cir	Maumee	OH	43537	401 Adams St	Toledo OH 43604
3600685	Norfolk Southern Combined Railroad	1113 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	650 W Peachtree St NW Box 32	Atlanta GA 30308
3600687	Toledo L & L Realty Co	1119 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	1125 Ford St	Maumee OH 43537
3600704	Toledo L & L Realty Co	1125 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	1125 Ford St	Maumee OH 43537
3601544	Northern Distributing Co	1020 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	850 76th St SW PO Box 8700	Grand Rapids MI 49518
3601547	Seaway Food Town Inc	1020 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	850 76th St SW PO Box 8700	Grand Rapids MI 49518
3604380	Ford Street Investments, LLC	825 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	3455 Briarfield Blvd Ste B	Maumee OH 43537
3604651	Seaway Food Town Inc	1020 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	850 76th St SW PO Box 8700	Grand Rapids MI 49518
3605593	Pierson-Dollar Properties LLC	1000 Clinic Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	3440 Secor Rd	Toledo OH 43606
3611907	MBM Investments Ltd	720 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	3455 Briarfield Blvd Ste B	Maumee OH 43537
3640418	NJM Investments LLC	355 Tomahawk Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	3455 Briarfield Blvd Ste B	Maumee OH 43537
3640419	Gregory Sullivan Etal	399 Tomahawk Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	PO Box 189	Maumee OH 43537
3640421	AGR International Inc	349 Tomahawk Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	615 Whitestown Rd	Butler PA 16001
3640437	Arrowhead Investors	401 Tomahawk Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	PO Box 189	Maumee OH 43537
3640878	1800 Indian Wood Ltd	1485 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	1800 Indian Wood Cir	Maumee OH 43537
3640882	Maumee Investments LLC	501 W Dussel Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	134 W South Boundary Rd Ste AA	Perrysburg OH 43551
3640888	Maumee Investments LLC	0 Ford St	Maumee	OH	43537	134 W South Boundary Rd Ste AA	Perrysburg OH 43551
3640911	ARROWHEAD COMMONS CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATION	345 Tomahawk Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	432 W Dussel Dr	Maumee OH 43537
3641101	580 Longbow LLC	1064 Longbow Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	3060 S Avenue	Toledo OH 43609
3641111	580 Longbow LLC	1000 Longbow Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	3060 S Avenue	Toledo OH 43609
3680104	Virginia Holding Corp	0 Wabash Rd	Maumee	OH	43537	650 W Peachtree St NW Box 32	Atlanta GA 30308
3680170	City of Maumee	700 Mingo Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	400 E Conant St	Maumee OH 43537
3680106	US Coexcell Inc	640 Mingo Dr	Maumee	OH	43537	30310 Emerald Valley Park Ste 400	Cleveland OH 44139
3680107	ANR Pipeline Co	1008 Illinois Ave	Maumee	OH	43537	PO Box 2168	Houston TX 77252
3699057	Norfolk Southern Combined Railroad					Three Commercial Place Box 209	Norfolk VA 23510
3699063	Norfolk Southern Combined Railroad					Three Commercial Place Box 209	Norfolk VA 23510

Attachment E

Agency Correspondence

Harrison, Brooke

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject:

Follow Up Flag: Flag Status: Ohio, FW3 <ohio@fws.gov> Friday, March 4, 2022 9:04 AM Harrison, Brooke nathan.reardon@dnr.state.oh.us; Parsons, Kate Ford Street Pipeline Replacement, Lucas County, Ohio

Follow up Flagged



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Ecological Services Office 4625 Morse Road, Suite 104 Columbus, Ohio 43230 (614) 416-8993 / Fax (614) 416-8994



Project Code: 2022-0010749

Dear Ms. Harrison,

The U.S Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has received your recent correspondence requesting information about the subject proposal. We offer the following comments and recommendations to assist you in minimizing and avoiding adverse impacts to threatened and endangered species pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq), as amended (ESA).

<u>Federally Threatened and Endangered Species</u>: The endangered Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) and threatened northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) occur throughout the State of Ohio. The Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat may be found wherever suitable habitat occurs unless a presence/absence survey has been performed to document absence. Suitable summer habitat for Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats consists of a wide variety of forested/wooded habitats where they roost, forage, and breed that may also include adjacent and interspersed non-forested habitats such as emergent wetlands and adjacent edges of agricultural fields, woodlots, fallow fields, and pastures. Roost trees for both species include live and standing dead trees ≥ 3 inches diameter at breast height (dbh) that have any exfoliating bark, cracks, crevices, hollows and/or cavities. These roost trees may be located in forested habitats as well as linear features such as fencerows, riparian forests, and other wooded corridors. Individual trees may be considered suitable habitat when they exhibit the characteristics of a potential roost tree and are located within 1,000 feet of other forested/wooded habitat. Northern long-eared bats have also been observed roosting in human-made structures, such as buildings, barns, bridges, and bat houses; therefore, these structures should also be considered potential summer habitat. In the winter, Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats hibernate in caves, rock crevices and abandoned mines.

Seasonal Tree Clearing for Federally Listed Bat Species: Should the proposed project site contain trees ≥ 3 inches dbh, we recommend avoiding tree removal wherever possible. If any caves or abandoned mines may be disturbed, further coordination with this office is requested to determine if fall or spring portal surveys are warranted. If no caves or abandoned mines are present and trees ≥ 3 inches dbh cannot be avoided, we recommend removal of any trees ≥ 3 inches dbh only occur between October 1 and March 31. Seasonal clearing is recommended to avoid adverse effects to Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats. While incidental take of northern long-eared bats from most tree clearing is exempted by a 4(d) rule (see http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/index.html), incidental take of Indiana bats is still

prohibited without a project-specific exemption. Thus, seasonal clearing is recommended where Indiana bats are assumed present.

If implementation of this seasonal tree cutting recommendation is not possible, a summer presence/absence survey may be conducted for Indiana bats. If Indiana bats are not detected during the survey, then tree clearing may occur at any time of the year. Surveys must be conducted by an approved surveyor and be designed and conducted in coordination with the Ohio Field Office. Surveyors must have a valid federal permit. Please note that in Ohio summer mist net surveys may only be conducted between June 1 and August 15.

<u>Section 7 Coordination</u>: If there is a federal nexus for the project (e.g., federal funding provided, federal permits required to construct), then no tree clearing should occur on any portion of the project area until consultation under section 7 of the ESA, between the Service and the federal action agency, is completed. We recommend the federal action agency submit a determination of effects to this office, relative to the Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat, for our review and concurrence. This letter provides technical assistance only and does not serve as a completed section 7 consultation document.

<u>Stream and Wetland Avoidance</u>: Over 90% of the wetlands in Ohio have been drained, filled, or modified by human activities, thus is it important to conserve the functions and values of the remaining wetlands in Ohio (<u>https://epa.ohio.gov/portals/47/facts/ohio_wetlands.pdf</u>). We recommend avoiding and minimizing project impacts to all wetland habitats (e.g., forests, streams, vernal pools) to the maximum extent possible in order to benefit water quality and fish and wildlife habitat. Additionally, natural buffers around streams and wetlands should be preserved to enhance beneficial functions. If streams or wetlands will be impacted, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers should be contacted to determine whether a Clean Water Act section 404 permit is required. Best management practices should be used to minimize erosion, especially on slopes. Disturbed areas should be mulched and revegetated with native plant species. In addition, prevention of non-native, invasive plant establishment is critical in maintaining high quality habitats.

Due to the project type, size, and location, we do not anticipate adverse effects to any other federally endangered, threatened, or proposed species, or proposed or designated critical habitat. Should the project design change, or additional information on listed or proposed species or their critical habitat become available, or if new information reveals effects of the action that were not previously considered, coordination with the Service should be initiated to assess any potential impacts.

Thank you for your efforts to conserve listed species and sensitive habitats in Ohio. We recommend coordinating with the Ohio Department of Natural Resources due to the potential for the proposed project to affect state listed species and/or state lands. Contact Mike Pettegrew, Acting Environmental Services Administrator, at (614) 265-6387 or at <u>mike.pettegrew@dnr.state.oh.us</u>.

If you have questions, or if we can be of further assistance in this matter, please contact our office at (614) 416-8993 or <u>ohio@fws.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Salfle

Patrice Ashfield Field Office Supervisor

cc: Nathan Reardon, ODNR-DOW Kate Parsons, ODNR-DOW Ohio Department of Natural Resources



MIKE DEWINE, GOVERNOR

MARY MERTZ, DIRECTOR

Office of Real Estate John Kessler, Chief 2045 Morse Road – Bldg. E-2 Columbus, OH 43229 Phone: (614) 265-6621 Fax: (614) 267-4764

March 16, 2022

Brooke Harrison Burns & McDonnell 530 West Spring Street, Suite 200 Columbus, OH 43215

Re: 22-0137; Ford Street Pipeline Project

Project: The proposed project consists of the installation of approximately 3.6 miles of 30-inch diameter high pressure gas distribution pipeline to connect three stations into main feeds with associated valve sites for the station feeds.

Location: The proposed project is located in the City of Maumee, Lucas County, Ohio.

The Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) has completed a review of the above referenced project. These comments were generated by an inter-disciplinary review within the Department. These comments have been prepared under the authority of the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (48 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.), the National Environmental Policy Act, the Coastal Zone Management Act, Ohio Revised Code and other applicable laws and regulations. These comments are also based on ODNR's experience as the state natural resource management agency and do not supersede or replace the regulatory authority of any local, state or federal agency nor relieve the applicant of the obligation to comply with any local, state or federal laws or regulations.

Natural Heritage Database: The Natural Heritage Database has the following data at or within one mile of the project area:

Rayed bean (*Villosa fabalis*), state endangered, federally endangered Sharp-shinned hawk (*Accipiter striatus*), state species of concern

The review was performed on the project area specified in the request as well as an additional one-mile radius. Records searched date from 1980. Please note that Ohio has not been completely surveyed and we rely on receiving information from many sources. Therefore, a lack of records for an area is not a statement that rare species or unique features are absent from that area.

An additional search for unique ecological sites, scenic rivers, state nature preserves, wildlife areas, national wildlife refuges, parks, forests, and other protected natural areas indicates that the following sites occur within one mile of the project area: Maumee State Scenic River – ODNR Natural Areas & Preserves, Scenic Rivers Program Fort Meigs State Memorial – Ohio History Connection Fallen Timbers Battlefield – Metroparks Toledo Side Cut Metropark – Metroparks Toledo Fish and Wildlife: The Division of Wildlife (DOW) has the following comments.

The DOW recommends that impacts to streams, wetlands and other water resources be avoided and minimized to the fullest extent possible, and that Best Management Practices be utilized to minimize erosion and sedimentation.

The entire state of Ohio is within the range of the Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*), a state endangered and federally endangered species, the northern long-eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis), a state endangered and federally threatened species, the little brown bat (Myotis lucifugus), a state endangered species, and the tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus), a state endangered species. During the spring and summer (April 1 through September 30), these species of bats predominately roost in trees behind loose, exfoliating bark, in crevices and cavities, or in the leaves. However, these species are also dependent on the forest structure surrounding roost trees. If trees are present within the project area, and trees must be cut, the DOW recommends cutting only occur from October 1 through March 31, conserving trees with loose, shaggy bark and/or crevices, holes, or cavities, as well as trees with $DBH \ge 20$ if possible. If trees are present within the project area, and trees must be cut during the summer months, the DOW recommends a mist net survey or acoustic survey be conducted from June 1 through August 15, prior to any cutting. Mist net and acoustic surveys should be conducted in accordance with the most recent version of the "OHIO DIVISION OF WILDLIFE GUIDANCE FOR BAT SURVEYS AND TREE CLEARING". If state listed bats are documented, DOW recommends cutting only occur from October 1 through March 31. However, limited summer tree cutting may be acceptable after consultation with the DOW (contact Erin Hazelton at Erin.hazelton@dnr.ohio.gov).

The DOW also recommends that a desktop habitat assessment is conducted, followed by a field assessment if needed, to determine if a potential hibernaculum is present within the project area. Direction on how to conduct habitat assessments can be found in the current USFWS "*Range-wide Indiana Bat Survey Guidelines*." If a habitat assessment finds that a potential hibernaculum is present within 0.25 miles of the project area, please send this information to Erin Hazelton for project recommendations. If a potential or known hibernaculum is found, the DOW recommends a 0.25-mile tree cutting and subsurface disturbance buffer around the hibernaculum entrance, however, limited summer or winter tree cutting may be acceptable after consultation with the DOW. If no tree cutting or subsurface impacts to a hibernaculum are proposed, this project is not likely to impact these species.

The project is within the range of the following listed mussel species. <u>Federally Endangered</u> rayed bean (*Villosa fabalis*) snuffbox (*Epioblasma triquetra*)

<u>State Endangered</u> eastern pondmussel (*Ligumia nasuta*)

<u>State Threatened</u> black sandshell (*Ligumia recta*) fawnsfoot (*Truncilla donaciformis*) pondhorn (*Uniomerus tetralasmus*) threehorn wartyback (*Obliquaria reflexa*) Due to the location, and that there is no in-water work proposed in a perennial stream of sufficient size, this project is not likely to impact these species.

The project is within the range of the of the following listed fish species. <u>State Endangered</u> cisco (*Coregonus artedi*) lake sturgeon (*Acipenser fulvescens*) western banded killifish (*Fundulus diaphanus menona*)

<u>State Threatened</u> American eel (*Anguilla rostrata*) channel darter (*Percina copelandi*) greater redhorse (*Moxostoma valenciennesi*)

The DOW recommends no in-water work in perennial streams from March 15 through June 30 to reduce impacts to indigenous aquatic species and their habitat. If no in-water work is proposed in a perennial stream, this project is not likely to impact these or other aquatic species.

The project is within the range of the Blanding's turtle (*Emydoidea blandingii*), a state threatened species. This species inhabits marshes, ponds, lakes, streams, wet meadows, and swampy forests. Although essentially aquatic, the Blanding's turtle will travel over land as it moves from one wetland to the next. Due to the location, the type of habitat within the project area, and the type of work proposed, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the spotted turtle (*Clemmys guttata*), a state threatened species. This species prefers fens, bogs and marshes, but also is known to inhabit wet prairies, meadows, pond edges, wet woods, and the shallow sluggish waters of small streams and ditches. Due to the location, the type of habitat within the project area, and the type of work proposed, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the Kirtland's snake (*Clonophis kirtlandii*), a state threatened species. This secretive species prefers wet fields and meadows. Due to the location, the type of habitat within the project area, and the type of work proposed, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the blue-spotted salamander (*Ambystoma laterale*), a state endangered species. Due to the location, the type of habitat within the project area, and the type of work proposed, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the American bittern (*Botaurus lentiginosus*), a state endangered bird. Nesting bitterns prefer large undisturbed wetlands that have scattered small pools amongst dense vegetation. They occasionally occupy bogs, large wet meadows, and dense shrubby swamps. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the black-crowned night-heron (*Nycticorax nycticorax*), a statethreatened bird. Night-herons are so named because they are nocturnal, conducting most of their foraging in the evening hours or at night, and roost in trees near wetlands and waterbodies during the day. Night herons are migratory and are typically found in Ohio from April 1 through December 1 but can be found in more urbanized areas with reliable food sources year-round. Black-crowned night-herons primarily forage in wetlands and other shallow aquatic habitats, and roost in trees nearby. These night-herons nest in small trees, saplings, shrubs, or sometimes on the ground, near bodies of water and wetlands. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the black tern (*Chlidonias niger*), a state endangered bird. The black tern prefers large, undisturbed inland marshes with fairly dense vegetation and pockets of open water. They nest in various kinds of marsh vegetation but cattail marshes are generally favored. Nests are built on top of muskrat houses or on top of floating vegetation. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat from April 1 through June 30 to reduce impacts to this species. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the common tern (*Sterna hirundo*), a state endangered bird. The preferred nesting sites of common terns are natural or man-made islands that are free of mammalian predators and human disturbance. They will also utilize mainland beaches and dredge disposal areas but only when islands are unavailable. The common tern nests in colonies. Their eggs are laid in a grass-lined depression in the sand. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the king rail (*Rallus elegans*), a state endangered bird. Nests for this species are deep bowls constructed out of grass and usually hidden very well in marsh vegetation. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the lark sparrow (*Chondestes grammacus*), a state endangered bird. This sparrow nests in grassland habitats with scattered shrub layers, disturbed open areas, as well as patches of bare soil. These summer residents normally migrate out of Ohio shortly after their young fledge or leave the nest. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the least bittern (Ixobrychus exilis), a state threatened bird. This secretive marsh species prefers dense emergent wetlands with dense, tall growths of aquatic or semiaquatic vegetation (particularly cattail, sedge, rushes, arrowheads, or sawgrass) interspersed with clumps of woody vegetation and open water. Nests are made from dried vegetation suspended .5 to 2.5 feet above the water. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the northern harrier (*Circus hudsonis*), a state endangered bird. This is a common migrant and winter species. Nesters are much rarer, although they occasionally breed in large marshes and grasslands. Harriers often nest in loose colonies. The female builds a nest out of sticks on the ground, often on top of a mound. Harriers hunt over grasslands. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species'

nesting period of April 15 through July 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the sandhill crane (*Grus canadensis*), a state threatened species. Sandhill cranes are primarily a wetland-dependent species. On their wintering grounds, they will utilize agricultural fields; however, they roost in shallow, standing water or moist bottomlands. On breeding grounds they require a rather large tract of wet meadow, shallow marsh, or bog for nesting. If grassland, prairie, or wetland habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of April 1 through August 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to have an impact on this species.

The project is within the range of the snowy egret (*Egretta thula*), a state endangered species. Snowy egrets are only being found reliably in the western Lake Erie marshes. This small egret almost invariably nests in mixed heronries. Within their breeding colonies, snowy egrets normally place their nests in the middle levels of vegetation at heights of 3-10 feet. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, the project is not likely to impact this species. (Lake Erie Islands only)

The project is within the range of the trumpeter swan (*Cygnus buccinator*), a state threatened bird. Trumpeter swans prefer large marshes and lakes ranging in size from 40 to 150 acres. They like shallow wetlands one to three feet deep with a diverse mix of plenty of emergent and submergent vegetation and open water. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of April 15 through June 15. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to have an impact on this species.

The project is within the range of the upland sandpiper (*Bartramia longicauda*), a state endangered bird. Nesting upland sandpipers utilize dry grasslands including native grasslands, seeded grasslands, grazed and ungrazed pasture, hayfields, and grasslands established through the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP). If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of April 15 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

Due to the potential of impacts to federally listed species, as well as to state listed species, we recommend that this project be coordinated with the US Fish & Wildlife Service.

Water Resources: The Division of Water Resources has the following comment.

The local floodplain administrator should be contacted concerning the possible need for any floodplain permits or approvals for this project. Your local floodplain administrator contact information can be found at the website below.

http://water.ohiodnr.gov/portals/soilwater/pdf/floodplain/Floodplain%20Manager%20Community %20Contact%20List_8_16.pdf ODNR appreciates the opportunity to provide these comments. Please contact Mike Pettegrew at <u>mike.pettegrew@dnr.ohio.gov</u> if you have questions about these comments or need additional information.

Mike Pettegrew Environmental Services Administrator



In reply refer to 2020-LUC-49420

September 15, 2020

Mark A. Latham Burns and McDonnell 530 West Soring Street, Suite 200 Columbus, Ohio 43215

Dear Mr. Latham:

Re: Toledo HP Redundancy Project, Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio.

This is in response to the receipt, on September 2, 2020, of *Phase I Archaeological Survey of the Toledo HP Redundancy Project, Lucas County, Ohio.* The comments of the Ohio Historic Preservation Office are submitted in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended.

Intensive visual inspection and subsurface testing of the project area did not identify any archaeological remains. Therefore, based on the information provided, I agree with the recommendation that no further archaeological work is necessary in the proposed project area. It is my opinion that the proposed project will not affect historic properties. No further coordination is required unless the project changes or archaeological remains are discovered during the course of the project. In such a situation, this office should be contacted as per 36 CFR 800.13.

Please be advised that this is a Section 106 decision. This review decision may not extend to other SHPO programs. If you have any questions, please contact me at (614) 298-2000, or by email at nyoung@ohiohistory.org.

Sincerely,

Nathan J. Young, Project Reviews Manager Resource Protection and Review



In reply refer to 2020-LUC-49420-2

August 2, 2021

Mark A. Latham Burns and McDonnell 530 West Soring Street, Suite 200 Columbus, Ohio 43215

Dear Mr. Latham:

Re: Addendum to Toledo HP Redundancy Project, Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio.

This is in response to the receipt, on July 28, 2021, of *Addendum to Phase I Archaeological Survey of the Toledo HP Redundancy Project, Lucas County, Ohio.* The comments of the Ohio Historic Preservation Office are submitted in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended.

Intensive visual inspection and subsurface testing of the project area did not identify any archaeological remains. Therefore, based on the information provided, I agree with the recommendation that no further archaeological work is necessary in the proposed project area. It is my opinion that the proposed project will not affect historic properties. No further coordination is required unless the project changes or archaeological remains are discovered during the course of the project. In such a situation, this office should be contacted as per 36 CFR 800.13.

Please be advised that this is a Section 106 decision. This review decision may not extend to other SHPO programs. If you have any questions, please contact me at (614) 298-2000, or by email at <u>nyoung@ohiohistory.org</u>. Please note the Ohio SHPO now accepts electronic-only submissions for state and/or federal review under Section 106 and ORC 149.53. Please send your submissions to section106@ohiohistory.org. We have also updated our Survey Report Submission Standards

Sincerely,

lathon J. young

Nathan J. Young, Project Reviews Manager Resource Protection and Review

800 E. 17th Ave., Columbus, OH 43211-2474 • 614.297.2300 • ohiohistory.org



March 10, 2022

Mark A. Latham Burns and McDonnell 530 West Soring Street, Suite 200 Columbus, Ohio 43215

Dear Mr. Latham:

Re: Addendum II, Toledo HP Redundancy Project, Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio.

This is in response to the receipt, on March 7, 2022, of *Addendum II: Phase I Archaeological Survey of the Ford Street Pipeline (formerly Toledo HP Redundancy) Project, Lucas County, Ohio.* The comments of the Ohio Historic Preservation Office are submitted in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended.

Intensive visual inspection of the project area did not identify any archaeological remains. Therefore, based on the information provided, I agree with the recommendation that no further archaeological work is necessary in the proposed project area. It is my opinion that the proposed project will not affect historic properties. No further coordination is required unless the project changes or archaeological remains are discovered during the course of the project. In such a situation, this office should be contacted as per 36 CFR 800.13.

Please be advised that this is a Section 106 decision. This review decision may not extend to other SHPO programs. If you have any questions, please contact me at (614) 298-2000, or by email at <u>nyoung@ohiohistory.org</u>. Please note the Ohio SHPO now accepts electronic-only submissions for state and/or federal review under Section 106 and ORC 149.53. Please send your submissions to <u>section106@ohiohistory.org</u>. We have also updated our <u>Survey Report Submission Standards</u>

Sincerely,

lathon J. young

Nathan J. Young, Project Reviews Manager Resource Protection and Review

800 E. 17th Ave., Columbus, OH 43211-2474 • 614.297.2300 • ohiohistory.org

In reply refer to 2020-LUC-49420-4